Instructions for Completion of Existing ADA Feature Measurement Records Scoping Phase

A. Basic Information

The instructions below are to be used when Scoping an ADA project.

• Scoping ADA Features

The Project Delivery Memo dated December 5, 2016, provides direction on timing, type of projects, and when ADA Features need to addressed while scoping a project.

• Types of ADA Features to be Collected at Scoping

The following ADA Features may be included in a project and measurements are to be recorded and transmitted to WSDOT:

- Curb Ramps
 - o Perpendicular
 - o Parallel
 - o Combination
 - o Parallel One-Direction
- Sidewalk
- Driveway
- End Ramps for a Sidewalk or Bridge End
- APS Button and Signal
- Independent Shared Use Path (Added July 2018)
- Median and Traffic Island Cut-Through (Added July 2018)

Equipment Needed for Measurements

The Scoper can use any method to collect the measurements. Past practice has been to use the tools below to complete the required measurements:

Smart Level - Slope Measurement

- Minimum of 2.0 feet in length
- Inclinometer capable of slope accuracy measurements of maximum of 1/16" per foot
- Display slope measurements up to two-significant figures
- Display slope in percent
- Calibrate the level per the manufacturers' recommendations, not less than once per day.

Steel Tape Measure – Dimension Measurements

• Capable of measuring to 0.01 foot

Forms

Record the measurements for the ADA Features identified above using the Excel spreadsheet, **ADA_Measurements.xlsm**, which can be downloaded from the ADA Guidance website located at:

https://wsdot.wa.gov/engineering-standards/design-topics/design-ada

When you follow the above link and open the 'ADA Measurement Forms' link, a dialog box will open asking you "What do you want to do with ADA Measurements.xlsm?' You will want to 'Save As' in your own folder. You can then make as many copies as needed for your project.

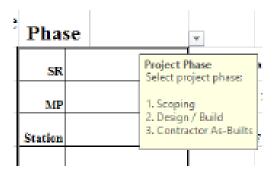
HINT: Check the web-page often for the most current form. For your convenience, the form is being updated to help you in the completion of measurements and transmitting data more intuitive.

Form Design

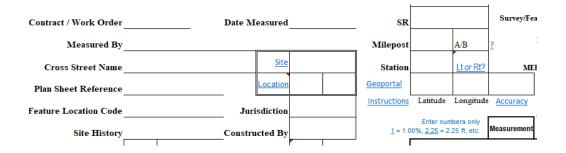
Each form is a separate tab (worksheet) in the spreadsheet. When opening up the spreadsheet, the READ-ME tab is the default tab that it opens up to, to inform the user that there are a number of forms contained in the Excel spreadsheet that are to be used to record measurements.

The forms are designed to only include those measurement fields or information that are identified with the specific project phase. Select the Phase from the drop-down list that the data is being collected for:

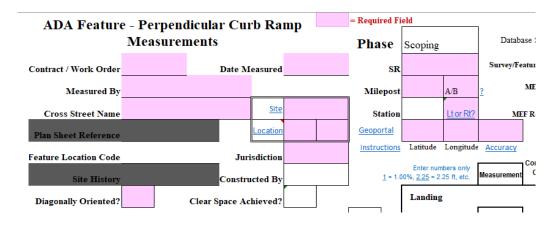
- Scoping
- Design/Build
- Contractor As-Builts



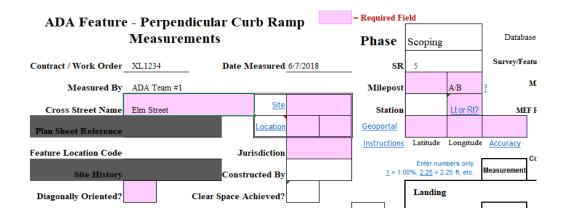
The forms are designed to record the basic project information in the upper portion of the worksheet.



Each form has "Required Field" (Fuchsia color shaded cells) that need to be completed in order for the form to be submitted



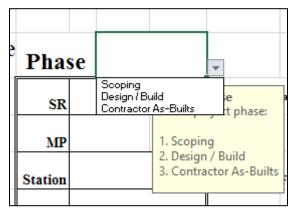
As the form is filled-in, the shading disappears



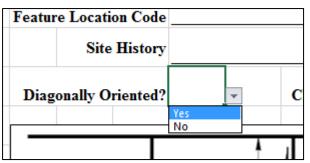
Until there is no shading shown on the form

ADA Feature	e - Perpendi	icular Cur	b Rai	np					1
	Measurem	ents		-		Phase	Scoping		Databas
Contract / Work Order	XL1234	Date M	easured	6/7/2018	3	SR	5		Survey/Fea
Measured By	ADA Team #1					Milepost	2.3	А	?
Cross Street Name	Elm Street		<u>Site</u>	Is	land	Station		L	MEI
Plan Sheet Reference			Location	NW	SE	<u>Geoportal</u>	47.034085	-122.897	Geoportal
Feature Location Code		Juri	sdiction	WSDO	Г	Instructions	Latitude	Longitude	Accuracy
Site History		Constru	cted By			<u>1</u> = 1.0	Enter numi 0%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.3		Measurement
Diagonally Oriented?	No	Clear Space Ac	hieved?	n/a	pass	-	Landing		
					-				

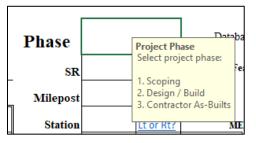
The forms have been designed for the recorder to select information found in a drop-down menu.



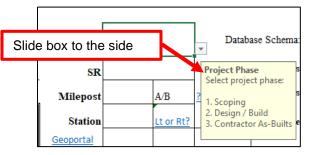




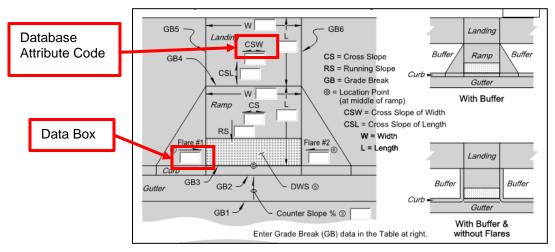
Information boxes are included in many of the drop-down lists to help the recorder input the correct information.



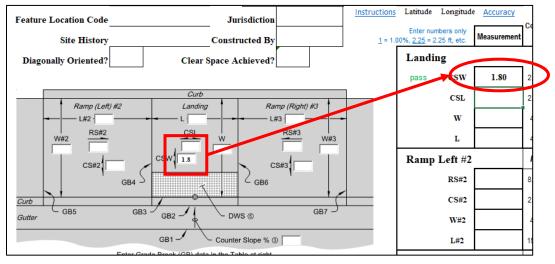
HINT: Sometimes the Information box may cover a portion of the dropdown cell. To move the Information box, just click on it, and using the mouse, drag the Information box to a new location.



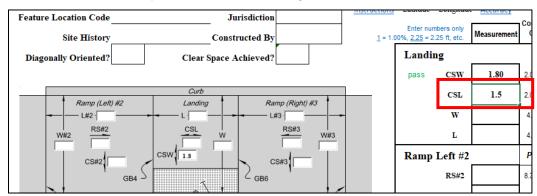
Diagram(s) are provided to identify what and where the different measurements are found. The diagrams have a data box beside the database attribute code to help in completing the form correctly.



A measurement may be entered into the data box on the diagram and the information will be automatically populated onto the right side of the form.

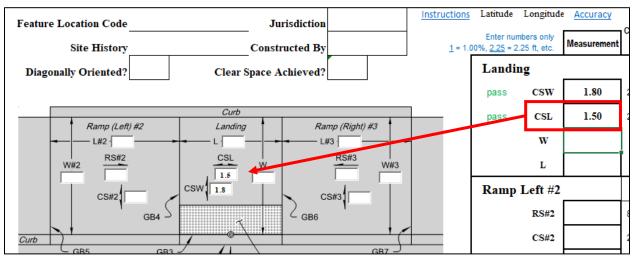


OR



The measurement may be entered into the right side of the form

And, after hitting the Enter button the measurement will automatically populate into the data box on the diagram.



The forms have been designed to provide sufficient information to the recorder so the correct <u>format</u> of information is placed onto the form.

	etc.			
Landi	Landing			
pass	CSW	1.75	2.00% Max	% Max
pass	CSL		-Slope of Lar number only	
pass	w		.00% = 1.85%	
pass	L	etc. 4.		i

As the measurements are performed and recorded into the form, the form will automatically identify if the measurement "Passes" or "Fails" the ADA Compliance Criteria.

ADA Feature -	Perpendicula Measuremen		þ	Phas		Contract Builts	or As-	Databa	ase Schema:	CR-PERP
Contract	XL5432	Date Measured	5/14/2018	SR		7		Survey/Fe	ature Status	FAIL
Measured By	Tester			МР		17.54	A		MEF Status	Standard ADA
Cross Street Name	176th St	Corner/Side	W	Station		17+25	Lt or Rt?	ME	F Reference	
Plan Sheet Reference		14		_ [.0338767 Latitude		2.89606 Igitude		
Feature Location Code	4			_				Igitude	ADA Compliance	
Site History	Replaces an Existing Fe	ature		1	= 1.0	Enter num 0%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.		Measurement		MEF Criteria
Diagonally Oriented?		ar Space Achieved?	n/a pass			Landing				
					Π	pass	SW	1.90	2.00% Max	% Max
GB5 Landing		6✔	Landing			FAIL	CSL	2.10	2.00% Max	% Max

The Survey/Feature Status of the feature will be identified as either "Pass", "Fail", or "Incomplete Form".

ADA Feature -	-	endicular Curb Ramp surements		Phas	Contract Builts	or As-	Databa	ise Schema:	CR-PERP
Contract	XL5432	Date Measured 5/1	14/2018	SR	7		Survey/Fe	ature Status	pass
Measured By	Tester			МР	17.54	A		MEF Status	Standard ADA
Cross Street Name	176th St	Corner/Side W		Station	17+25	Lt or Rt?	ME	F Reference_	
Plan Sheet Reference		14		_ [47.0338767		.89606		
Feature Location Code	4			_	Latitude		gitude	ADA Compliance –	
Site History	Replaces a	an Existing Feature		1	Enter num = 1.00%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.		Measurement	0.14	MEF Criteria
Diagonally Oriented?	No		n/a pass		Landing	;			

The "Incomplete Form" message is displayed when required data is missing.

ADA Feature -	Perpendicu Measureme	-	þ	Phase	Contract Builts	or As-	Datab	ase Schema:	CR-PERP
Contract	XL5432	Date Measured	5/14/2018	SR	7		Survey/Fe	ature Status	incomplete form
Measured By	Tester			МР	17.54	A		MEF Status	Standard ADA
Cross Street Name	176th St	Corner/Side	W	Station	17+25	Lt or Rt?	ME	F Reference	
Plan Sheet Reference		14			47.0338767 Latitude		.89606 Igitude		
Feature Location Code				-	Enter num		Igitude	ADA Compliance	
Site History	Replaces an Existing	Feature		<u>1</u> =	1.00%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.3		Measurement	Criteria	MEF Criteria
Diagonally Oriented?	No C	lear Space Achieved?	n/a pass		Landing				
					pass	CSW	1.90	2.00% Max	% Max
GB5 Landing		BB6	Landing			CSL		2.00% Max	% Max

Each form has the ability to document a measurement(s) that does not meet ADA compliance criteria but has been processed and received approval allowing the use of that dimension.



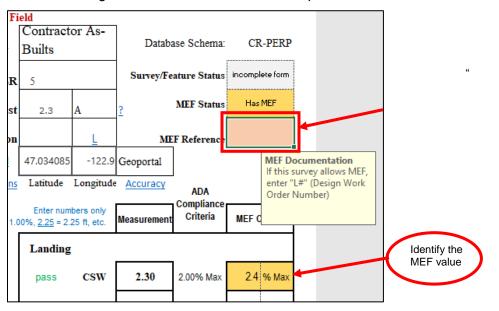
<u>NOTE – this next section generally will not apply to a project in the Scoping</u> <u>phase</u>

Maximum Extent Feasible (MEF) - The forms have been designed to include the tracking of a MEF dimension, slope, or other ADA compliance criteria that has been approved by the region's Assistant State Design Engineer and ADA Compliance Manager.

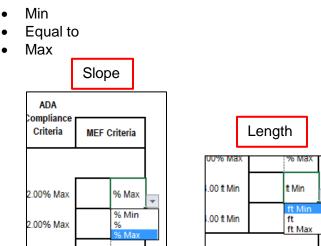
It is intended that during the (Scoping) Design Phase, designers are to identify on the form where a value does not meet ADA compliance. At the time of Scoping it may not be required to obtain MEF approval, and provide the completed forms to the WSDOT Design Project Engineer.

An approved MEF document needs to be referenced on the form. Provide the "L #" (Design Work Order Number) in the MEF Reference box.

If there is an approved MEF, the form tests the recorded measurement against the MEF dimension or slope to determine "Pass" or "Fail".

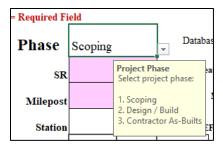


Note: The MEF criteria can be set to be evaluated to the following parameters:



II. General Information for Completing a Form

A. First, identify the Phase – "Scoping"

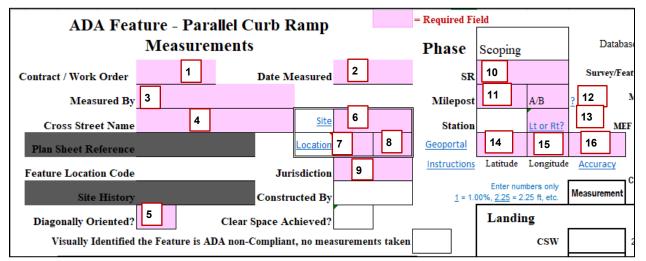


B. Basic information required for each Feature measured includes:

1. Some of the forms are site specific, and will need to be completed separately for <u>each</u> ADA Feature constructed (the various Curb Ramps, Sidewalk End Ramps, Cut Thru, Driveway, and APS Button/Signal), while other forms provide the capability to record more than one ADA Feature location on the same form (Sidewalk and Independent Shared Use Path).

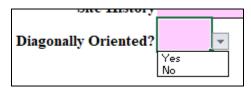
READ-ME Perpendicular Parallel Combination Parallel-One_Direction Sidewalk Driveway End Ramp APS Button_Signal

- 2. All the forms require basic information to be filled-out:
 - As noted above, each form has "Required Field" (Fuchsia color shaded cells) that need to be completed in order for the form to be submitted.

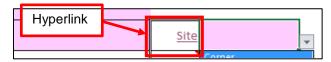


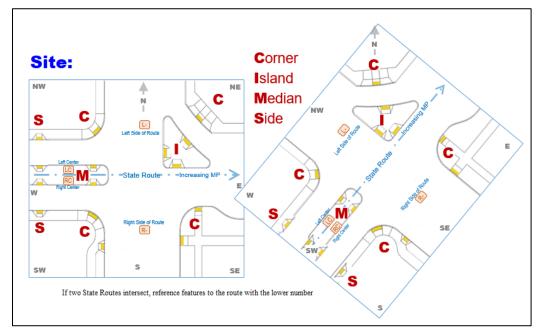
NOTES		
17		
M		
Measurement Instrument Serial Number: 18	Calibrated by:	Date:

- 3. Field Descriptions:
- 1. Work Order Enter the Scoping Work Order number; six digits ("XL1234").
- 2. Date Measured Enter the date measured.
- 3. **Measured By** Enter the name/title of person completing the measurements.
- 4. Cross Street Name Enter the name of the cross street, if available.
- 5. **Diagonally Orientated** Identify whether or not the curb ramp points into the center of the intersection (diagonal).

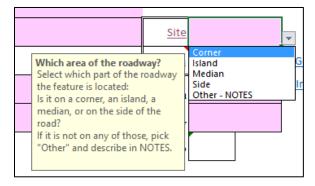


6. **Site** – Identify where the feature is located. Click on the hyperlink and the diagram (shown below) will provide more information about the Site.

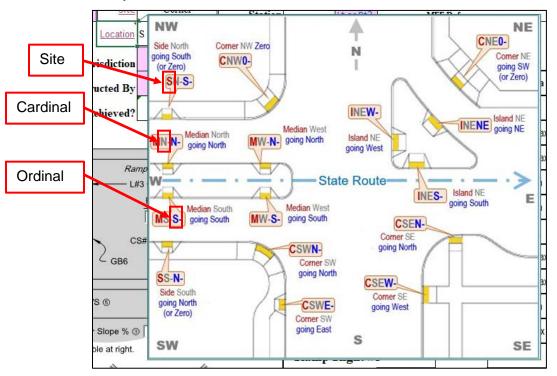




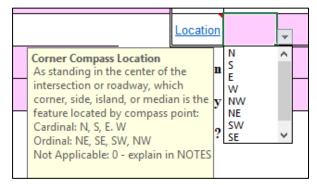
Select from the dropdown list the general location where the feature is located.



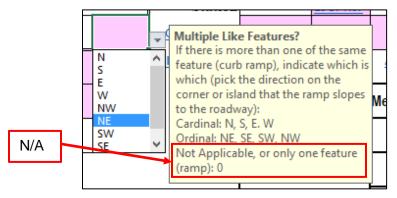
7. Location – This is used provide more specific location detail to distinguish the feature's location (especially when there are other similar features on the same corner). Move the mouse button over the "Location" cell and a schematic drawing (below) will pop up showing the naming convention used to identify the location of the feature.



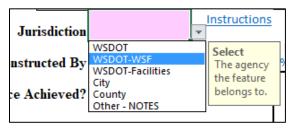
7 – **Corner Compass Location**: From the dropdown list identify the "Cardinal" Corner Compass Location for where the feature is located.



8 – **Compass Location**: From the dropdown list identify the "Ordinal" Corner Compass Location where the feature is located.



9. **Jurisdiction** – Identify who has jurisdiction of the feature from the dropdown list



- 10. SR Enter the State Route identification (number only).
- 11. Mile Post (MP) Provide the State Route mile post for the feature.

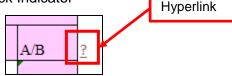
The MP can be calculated possibly using the contract plan information found on the vicinity map.

12. **Ahead/Back** Indicators (A/B) – Identify if the feature's MP is ahead or back. For most State Routes this will typically be identified as "Ahead".

The State Route Milepost Back (B) indicator designates whether the milepost value is the 'back' duplicate of a milepost value 'ahead' on the route.



Click on the hyperlink to see further documentation pertaining to Milepost Back Indicator

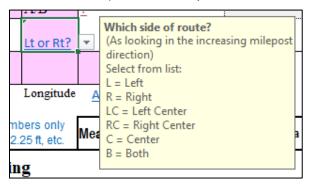


STATE ROUTE MILEPOST BACK (B) INDICATOR

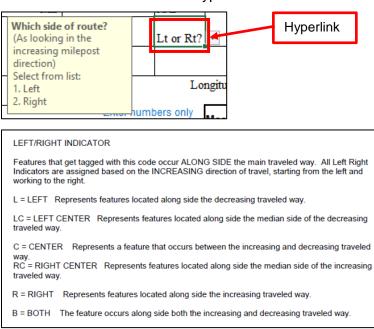
The State Route Milepost Back (B) indicator designates whether the milepost value is the 'back' duplicate of a milepost value 'ahead' on the route. Ahead values have an implied 'A' (blank).

A back SRMP occurs as a result of:

- A realignment that lengthens a section of an SR other than at the end of the route.
- Adding mileage to the beginning of an SR.
- Lt or Rt Identify where the feature is located in relationship to the State Route centerline (while being oriented and facing in the Increasing MP direction on the SR) from the drop-down list.

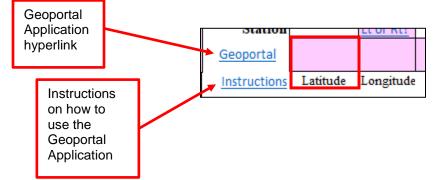


For more information click on the hyperlink



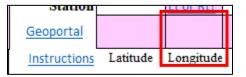
14. Latitude – Provide the latitude coordinate for the feature.

If the coordinate is not obtainable from a collection device, use the WSDOT Geoportal application to identify the coordinate. Instructions for using the Geoportal application can be found by click on the Instructions hyperlink.



15. **Longitude** – Provide the longitude coordinate for the feature.

If the coordinate is not obtainable from a collection device, use the WSDOT Geoportal application to identify the coordinate Instructions for using the Geoportal application can be found by click on the Instructions hyperlink.



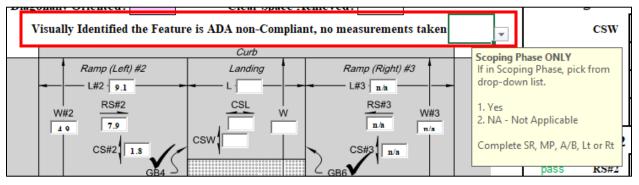
16. **Accuracy** – Identify the method used to obtain the Lat/Long coordinates. Select from the drop-down list.



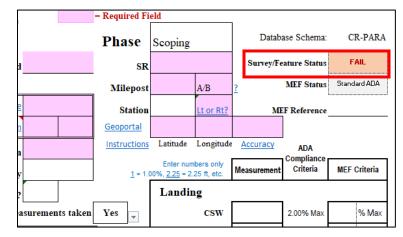
- 17. **NOTES** Each form has a "Notes" block to provide additional details on a measurement or details about the feature.
- 18. **Measurement tool information and calibration** Provide the following information pertaining to the measurement tool used to measure slopes.
 - a) The serial number of the equipment used for measuring slopes
 - b) The name of the person who did the calibration
 - c) The date the tool was calibrated. At a minimum, the tool is to be calibrated daily.

Special Note:

If by visually looking at the ramp it is obvious that there are ADA compliance issues (i.e. steep slopes, no landing is present, poor condition, etc.) then there is no need to perform any measurements. Select "Yes" and complete the remaining "Required Field" entries.



Also, the Feature Status returns a "Fail"



Otherwise, select "N/A" and complete measurements.



Special Note:

If, as measurements are being recorded, any of the measurements result in a "Fail", no further measurements are needed; the feature is not compliant. Stop any further recording and add a note in the **NOTES** box on the form

stating *"Stopped further measurements"*. The form status should then show the Survey/Feature Status as "Fail". Move onto the next feature.

Scoping		Databa	ase Schema:	CR-PERF
5	_	Survey/Fe	ature Status	FAIL
2.3	A	?	MEF Status	Standard ADA
	Ŀ	ME	F Reference	
47.034085	-122.9	Geoportal		
Latitude	Longitude	<u>Accuracy</u>	ADA	
		Measurement		MEF Criteria
Landing				
pass	CSW	1.90	2.00% Max	% Max
FAIL	CSL	2.50	2.00% Max	% Max
	w		4.00 ft Min	t Min
	L			, t Min
ГES				
	5 2.3 47.034085 Latitude Enter num 0%, <u>2.25</u> = 2. Landing pass FAIL Sure Curl	5 2.3 A L 47.034085 -122.9 Latitude Longitude Enter numbers only 0%, 225 = 2.25 ft, etc. Landing pass CSW FAIL CSL W L Sure Curb Gap, if	Scoping Scoping Survey/Fe	5 Survey/Feature Status 5 Survey/Feature Status 2.3 A ? L MEF Status 47.034085 -122.9 Geoportal A Latitude Longitude Accuracy ADA Enter numbers only Measurement 0%, 2.25 = 2.25 ft, etc. Measurement Landing 2.00% Max FAIL CSL 2.50 W 4.00 t Min L Landing Width Enter number only place

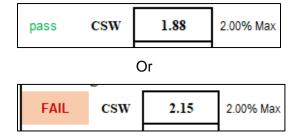
III. Status of a Feature

The forms have been designed to provide immediate feedback.

A. Additional measurement or information data is needed to complete the form



B. For each measurement recorded, the status of ADA compliancy is provided for immediate feedback



C. In addition, as measurements are recorded, the running and then Final status of the feature will be shown on the form.

	Schema:	CK-COIVID
	Survey/Feature Status	incomplete form
	MEF Status	Standard ADA
	Database Schema	CR-PERP
_	Survey/Feature Status	pass
	MEF Status	Standard ADA
	Survey/Feature Statu	s FAIL
	MEF Statu	s Standard ADA
]
	Survey/Feature Statu	ls pass
	MEF Statu	is Has MEF
	MEF Reference	e XL2222

IV. ADA Features

Each Feature has a different set of required measurements. Below is detailed information or an explanation of various data fields found on the various forms.

A. Curb Ramps

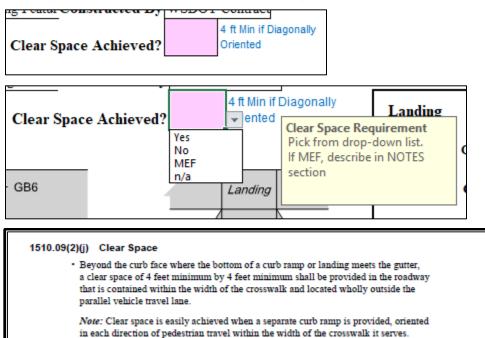
- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- Perpendicular
- Parallel Curb Ramp
- Parallel 1-Direction
- Combination
- 2. Data Fields Explanation:

a) For each of the fields listed below select whether or not the attribute applies:

i) **Diagonally Orientated** – Identify whether or not the ramp points into the center of the intersection.

Diagonally: Oriented?		
Diagonally Oriented?		*
	Yes	
Visually Identified the F	No	
Visually Identified the F	eature is	ADA

ii) Clear Space Achieved – Identify whether or not a clear space is provided at the bottom of the curb ramp.



b) Landing – Provide measurements

<u>1</u> =	Enter numbers only 1.00%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.25 ft, etc.	nter numbers only 2.25 = 2.25 ft, etc. Measurement		MEF Criteria
	Landing			
	CSW		2.00% Max	% Max
	CSL		2.00% Max	% Max
	w		4.00 ft Min	ft Min
	L		4.00 ft Min	ft Min

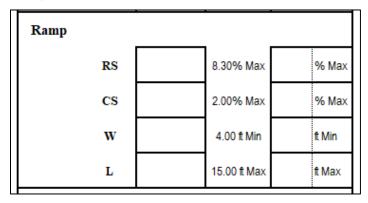
1510.09(2)(d) Landing

A level landing is required either at the top of a perpendicular ramp or the bottom of a parallel curb ramp, as noted in 1510.09(1)(a) and (b) for the type of curb ramp used.

- · Provide a landing that is at least 4 feet minimum length by 4 feet minimum width.
- The running and cross slopes of a curb ramp landing shall be 2% maximum.

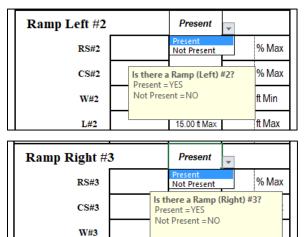
Note: It is recommended that cross slopes be designed to be less than the allowed maximum to allow for some tolerance in construction. For example, design for a maximum 1.5% cross slope (rather than 2% maximum).

Exception: The running and cross slopes of landings for curb ramps at midblock crossings are permitted to match the street or highway grade. Ramp – Provide measurements



Special Note:

For Curb Ramp types **Parallel** and **Combination**, the feature may have or may not have a Ramp Left or Right associated it and requires the recorder to identify if the Ramp is Present or not.



(1) If the Ramp is present select **Present** from the drop-down list and record the information required.

Ramp	Left #2		Present	
pass	RS#2	7.90	8.30% Max	% Max
pass	CS#2	1.80	2.00% Max	% Max
pass	W#2	4.90	4.00 ft Min	ft Min
pass	L#2	9.10	15.00 ft Max	t Max

C)

- W_	W#3	L		4.00 ft Min	ft Min
		Ramp Left #2		Present	
2 GB		RS#2		8.30% Max	% Max
		CS#2		2.00% Max	% Max
∽ DWS ⊚	V GB7 →	W#2		4.00 ft Min	ft Min
Counter Slope	% 3	L#2		15.00 ft Max	ft Max
ata in the Table at rig	pht.	Ramp Right #3		Not Present	
Ramp	Ramp	RS#3	n/a	8.30% Max	% Max
OWSite	Landing	CS#3	n/a	2.00% Max	% Max
- 🌂		W#3	n/a	4.00 ft Min	ft Min
vpe in the Table	DWS-L Curb Gap ®	L#3	n/a	15.00 ft Max	ft Max
g Surface Detail	DWS-L Curb Gap ®	Counter Slope			
ept where noted. al change	CS = Cross Slope	s		5.00% Max	% Max
)—if no gutter,	RS = Running Slope CSW = Cross Slope of Width CSL = Cross Slope of Length	CSW+S	sum	7.00% Max	% Max
when both	W = Width L = Length	Grade Breaks			
nd DWS	GB = Grade Break	GB#1			
	(at middle of landing)	GB#2			
		GB#3			
		GB #4			
		GB#5			
		GB#6		n/a	
		GB#7		n/a	

(2) If a ramp is not present, select **Not Present** and notice that the associated data cells and ramp Grade Breaks are shaded and auto-filled with "n/a".

1510.09(2)(a) Clear Width

· The clear width of curb ramps and their landings shall be 4 feet minimum, excluding flares.

1510.09(2)(b) Running Slope

The running slope of curb ramps shall not exceed 8.3% maximum.

Note: It is recommended that running slopes be designed to be less than the allowed maximum to allow for some tolerance in construction. For example, design for a maximum 7.5% curb ramp running slope (rather than the 8.3% maximum).

- The running slope of a perpendicular curb ramp shall intersect the gutter grade break at a right angle at the back of curb.
- The curb ramp maximum running slope shall not require the ramp length to exceed 15 feet.

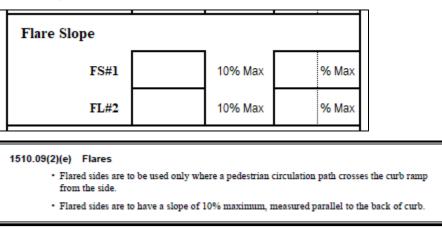
1510.09(2)(c) Cross Slope

 The cross slope of curb ramp shall not be greater than 2%, measured perpendicular to the direction of travel.

Note: It is recommended that cross slopes be designed to be less than the allowed maximum to allow for some tolerance in construction. For example, design for a maximum 1.5% cross slope (rather than the 2% maximum).

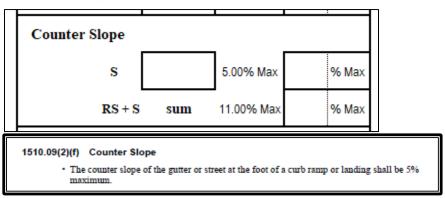
Exception: The cross slopes of curb ramps at midblock crossings are permitted to match the street or highway grade.

Flare Slope – Provide measurements

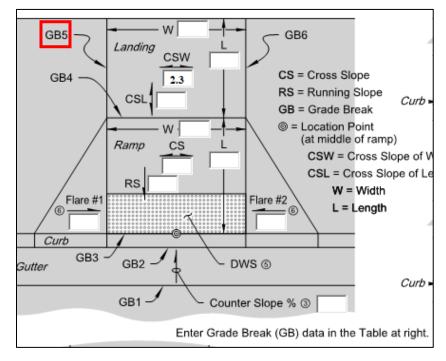


e) Counter Slope – Provide measurement.

The form calculates the algebraic difference with the ramp slope to determine compliance.



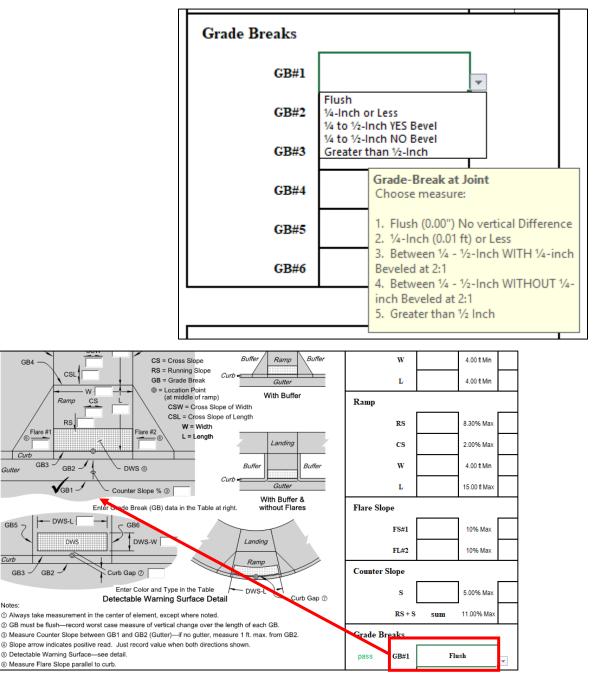
f) Grade Breaks – Grade breaks (GB) are shown on the drawings.



d)



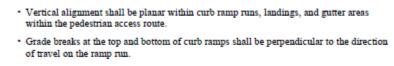
Be aware that the diagram does not provide sufficient space for a data box, therefore, select the type of Grade Break from the drop-down list. Notice that a large check will show up on the diagram showing that the measurement was completed.



Special Note:

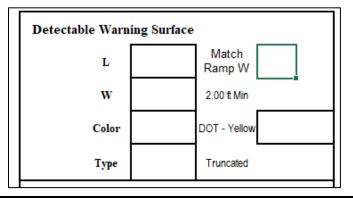
If the form is being filled out in the field by hand first, record the measurement between the two surfaces so that the correct drop-down selection can be selected on the electronic form.

1510.09(2)(i) Grade Breaks



Surface slopes that meet at grade breaks shall be flush.

g) **Type of DWS** – Provide measurements. Also identify the type of DWS found (Select from the drop-down list)

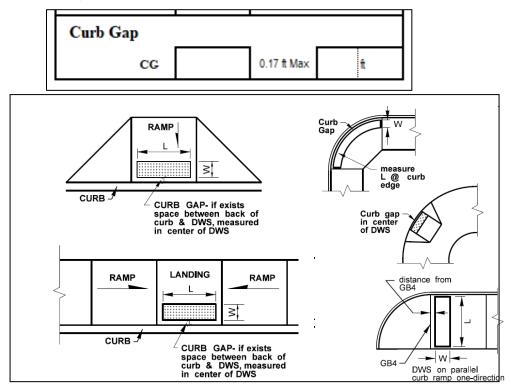


1510.09(2)(g) Detectable Warning Surfaces

- Detectable warning surfaces are required where curb ramps or landings connect to a roadway. (See the *Standard Plans* for placement details and other applications.)
- Detectable warning surfaces shall contrast visually (either light-on-dark or dark-on-light) with the adjacent walkway surface, gutter, street, or highway.

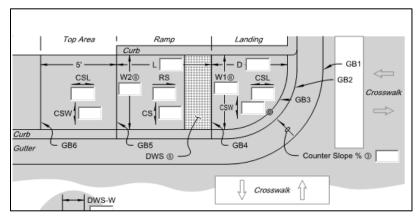
Note: Federal yellow is the color used to achieve visual contrast on WSDOT projects. Within cities, other contrasting colors may be used if requested by the city.

h) **Curb Gap** – Provide measurement.



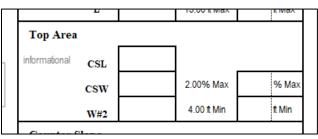
i) **Top Area** – Parallel 1-Direction Ramp **only**

Provide measurements.



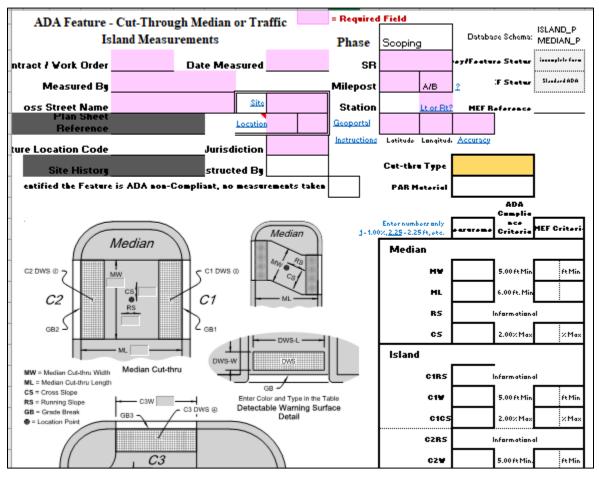
Special Note: CSL Measurement

CSL Measurement is informational only as it can follow the grade of the road.

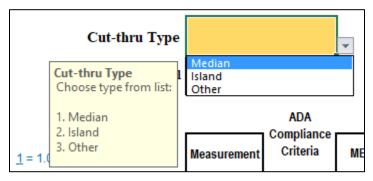


B. Median and Island Cut Thru

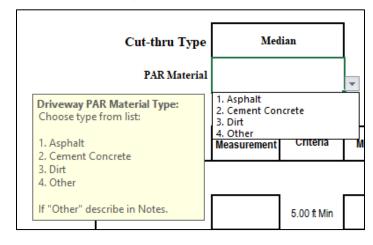
- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- CutThru



- 2. Data Fields Explanation:
- a) **Cut-Thru Type:** Select the type of roadway feature from the drop-down list.



b) **PAR Material:** Select the material type the PAR thru the roadway feature is constructed of from the drop-down list.



Special Note:

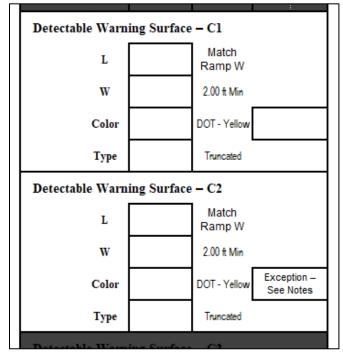
Depending on the type of Cut-thru selected, portions of the form that are not relevant are shaded.

(1) For a Median

Cut-thru Type	Hei	lian	
PAR Material	1. Ar	phalt	
		ADA Camplia	
Enter numbers only .00%, <u>2.25</u> - 2.25 Ft, etc.	******	nca Gritaria	MEF Critori
Median			
нч		5.00 ft Min	ft Min
ML		6.00 ft. Min	
RS		nformation	al
cs		2.00% Max	× Max
Island			
C1R5		nformation	1
C1W		5.00 ft Min	êt Min
C1C5		2.00% Max	× Max
C2R5		Information	
C2W		5.00 ft Min.	êt Min
C2C5		2.00% Max	× Max
C3R5		nformation.	
C3W		5.00 ft Min.	ft Min
C3C5		2.00% Max	× Max
Detectable \	arning \$		- C1
L		Match Ramp W	
ب		2.00 ft Min	
Celer		DOT - Yellou	
Туре		Truncatod	
Detectable \	arning \$	Surface Match	- C2
L		Ramp W	
₩		2.00 ft Min	Exception -
Calar		DOT - Yellou	Exception - See Notes
Тура		Truncatod	-
Detectable \	Farning S	Surface Match	- C3
L		Ramp W	

- ADA Compliance Enter numbers only Criteria Measurement **MEF** Criteria 1 = 1.00%, 2.25 = 2.25 ft, etc. Median MW 5.00 ft Min t Min ML 6.00 ft. Min RS Informational 2.00% Max % Max CS
- (a) Record the measurements for MW, ML, RS, CS

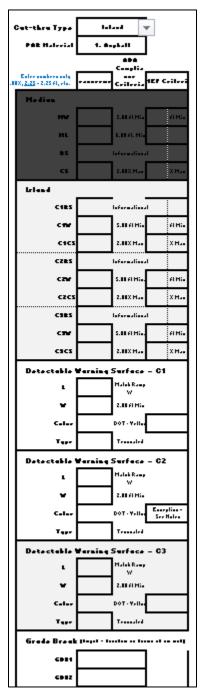
(b) Record the measurements for C1 and C2



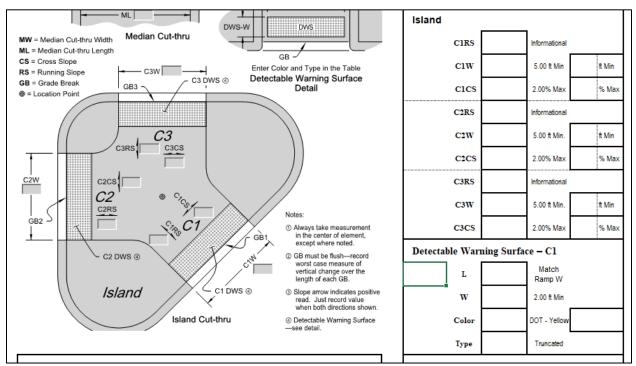
a. Record the measurements for grade breaks

Туре	Truncated	
Grade Breaks	(Input - fraction or decimal o	f an inch)
GB#1		
GB#2		
CTD.#3		

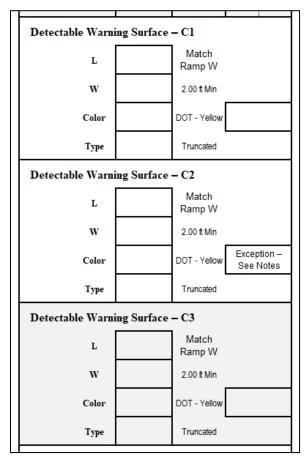
(2) For an Island



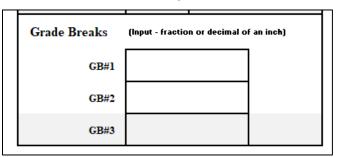
(a) Record the measurements for CRS,C1W, C1CS, C2RS,C2W, C2CS, C3RS,C3W, C3CS



(b) Record the measurements for C1, C2, and C3



(c) Record the measurements for grade breaks



C. Sidewalk

- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- Sidewalk

te Meas											chema:		V-INTER
					SR		Lt or Rt?			For	Status	incomp	lete form
										ME	Status	Stand	ard ADA
	<u>Site</u>	Si	de							MEF R	ference		
Lo	ocation		0										
Jurisdi	liction			Measu	resmen	ts recorded on	this form are	for one side or	ıly.				
structe	ed By			Do not i	mix mea	surements fro	m both sides o	on the same fo	rm.				
		Instru	ctions					Sidewalk W	idth (SWV	W) (ross S	lope (C	S)
Acc	curacy	Geo	portal					Measurement		Measu	rement		
			Locat	ion				ADA Compliance		Com			
		Latitude	Longitude	Station	MP	Characteristics	Obstruction Type	4.00 ft Min	MEF Crite	ria		MEF	Jriteria
	[-11-		ŧ	Min			% Max
									t	Min			% Max
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	Jurisd	Jurisdiction nstructed By Accuracy , ,	Jurisdiction structed By Accuracy Geo	Location 0 Jurisdiction nstructed By Accuracy Caeoportal Locat	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measu nstructed By	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measuresment Do not mix measures	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measuresments recorded on Do not mix measurements fro nstructed By Instructions Accuracy Geoportal 1 = 1.00%, 22 Location Side	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measuresments recorded on this form are a Do not mix measurements from both sides on the second	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side or Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same for instructions Instructions Sidewalk Accuracy Geoportal Location Sidewalk ADA Compliance ADA Compliance Location Sidewalk	Location 0 Jurisdiction	Instructions Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side only. Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same form. Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side only. Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same form. Instructions Instructions Sidewalk Width (SWW) Compliance Accuracy Geoportal 1=100%, 225 = 2.25 ft, etc. Measurement Location Sidewalk ADA Compliance All Compliance Location Sidewalk ADA Compliance All Compliance	Location 0 Jurisdiction Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side only. Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same form. Sidewalk Width (SWW) Cross S Accuracy Instructions Enter numbers only (1=1.00%, 2.25 + 2.5 ft, etc.) Measurement Mesurement Measurement Accuracy Location Sidewalk Moasurement ADA Compliance ADA Compliance Latitude Longitude Station MP Characteristics Obstruction MEF Criteria ADA Compliance 2.00% Max Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" Sidewalk Measurement ADA Compliance 2.00% Max Image: colspan="2">Image: colspan="2" Image: colspan="2" <td>Location 0 Jurisdiction instructed By Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side only. Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same form. Measurements Accuracy Instructions Geoportal Enter numbers only 1 = 1.00%, 2.25 = 2.25 ft, etc. Measurement Measurement Accuracy Location Sidewalk MP Characteristics MDA Compliance 0bstruction Type Measurement ADA Compliance 2.00% Max MEF Criteria Image: Contract of the same form. Image: Contracteristics MP Characteristics Obstruction Type MEF Criteria ADA Compliance 2.00% Max MEF Criteria Image: Contracteristics <t< td=""></t<></td>	Location 0 Jurisdiction instructed By Measuresments recorded on this form are for one side only. Do not mix measurements from both sides on the same form. Measurements Accuracy Instructions Geoportal Enter numbers only 1 = 1.00%, 2.25 = 2.25 ft, etc. Measurement Measurement Accuracy Location Sidewalk MP Characteristics MDA Compliance 0bstruction Type Measurement ADA Compliance 2.00% Max MEF Criteria Image: Contract of the same form. Image: Contracteristics MP Characteristics Obstruction Type MEF Criteria ADA Compliance 2.00% Max MEF Criteria Image: Contracteristics Image: Contracteristics <t< td=""></t<>

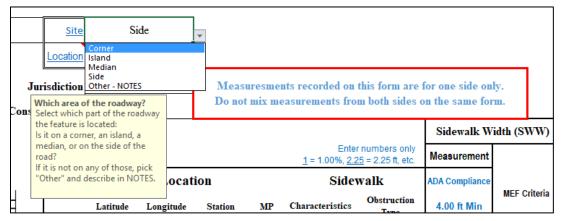
This form allows multiple measurements to be recorded (on the same form) along one length of sidewalk. The limits of the sidewalk are from the edge of the curb ramp at one intersection to the edge of the curb ramp at the other end of the block.

Where the sidewalk is not interrupted by street intersections with curb ramps, it may begin and end with sidewalk end ramps. Use multiple forms to account for longer lengths of uninterrupted, paved sidewalk.

Special Note:

Note, if there is sidewalk on each side of the road, use separate forms for measurement collection; a form for the right side and a separate form for the left side.

For Sidewalk the "Site" location defaults to "Side"



- 2. Data Fields Explanation:
- a) Latitude– Provide the latitude coordinate for the feature.
- b) **Longitude** Provide the longitude coordinate for the feature.
- c) Provide the Station if used
- d) Provide the **MP**
- e) **Sidewalk Characteristics** There are eight choices that apply to construction

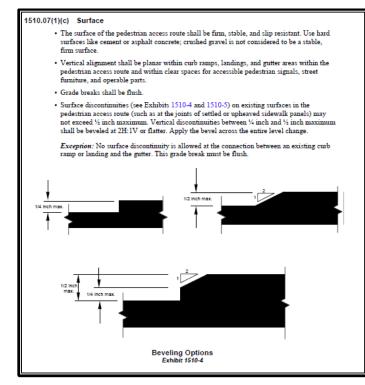
Select from the drop-down list to identify the context for the measurement.

	Side	walk	ADA Compliance				ADA Compliance		
МР	Characteristics	Obstruction Type	4.00 ft Min	MEF Criteria			2.00% Max	MEF	Criteria
		~			tМ	lin			% Max
		Sidewalk Ch Select one:	naracteristics		V	lin			% Max
		1. Start of Si	dewalk leasurement		4	lin			% Max
		4. Change Ir	 Vertical Surface Discontinuity Change In Width 			lin			% Max
		6. End of Sid		a cidau		lin			% Max
		8. Obstructi	n Segment to Existi on Ramp-ONLY in Sco	-	4	lin			% Max
					t M	lin			% Max

(1) *Start of Sidewalk* – This identifies where the sidewalk begins. Could be where the curb ramp adjoins the sidewalk. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(2) *Interval Measurement* – At approx.. 50-ft intervals along the sidewalk record the width and cross slope.

(3) *Vertical Surface Discontinuity* - Record any location where there is a vertical difference in sidewalk surfaces of more than 1/4 inch.



(4) *Change In Width* - Record any locations where there is a change in the sidewalk width. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(5) *Change In Cross Slope* - Record any location where the cross slope changes. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(6) *End of Sidewalk* – This identifies where the sidewalk section ends, or where a transition segment begins, or where the sidewalk adjoins a curb ramp. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(7) *Transition Segment to Existing Sidewalk* – If the sidewalk transitions back to an existing sidewalk, record measurements at the match line with the existing sidewalk.

(8) *Obstruction* – An obstruction is any object within the sidewalk that reduces the **clear width** to less than 4-ft. Record any location where these are found.

1510.07(1)(a) Clear Width

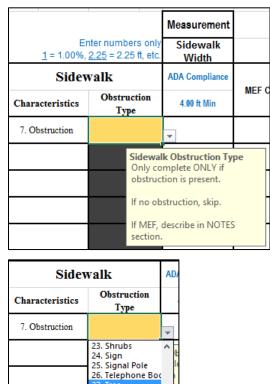
- The minimum continuous and unobstructed clear width of a pedestrian access route shall be 4 feet, exclusive of the width of the curb.
- Pedestrian access routes that are less than 5 feet in clear width, exclusive of the width of the curb, shall provide passing spaces at intervals no farther apart than 200 feet. Passing spaces shall be 5 feet wide minimum, for a minimum distance of 5 feet.

(9) No Curb Ramp – Select when there is no curb ramp present of any type to get from the top of the sidewalk to the roadway.

Special Note:

If the reason for the measurement is related to an Obstruction, complete the Obstruction Type.

f) **Obstruction Type** - Select from the drop-down list to identify the obstruction type.



Obstructions might include:

28. Wall 29. Water Valve 30. Other

Bench	Branch	Bridge Expansion Joint
Building	Catch Basin	Fence
Fire Hydrant	Grate Inlet	Ground Cover
Guardrail	Guy Anchor	Guy Wire
Junction Box	Large Vault -Electric	Large Vault -Utility
Manhole	Newspaper Stand	Parking Meter
Parked Vehicle	Portable Sign Board	Power Pole
Shrubs	Sign	Signal Pole
Tree	Telephone Booth	Wall
Water Valve	Other	MEF

Special Note:

If an obstruction has been documented as a MEF, select MEF from the drop-down list, record the measurements, and in the NOTES box on the form add any additional pertinent information.

h (SWW)	Sidewalk Wi						-	
Μ	Measurement	rs only ft, etc.		En <u>1</u> = 1.00%, <u>2</u>				
IEF Criteria	ADA Compliance			Side		ion	Locat	
2	4.00 ft Min	uction 7pe	s	Characteristics	MP	Station	Longitude	Latitude
ft Min	•	MEF		8. Obstruction				
t Min	k Obstruction Ty							
t Min	mplete ONLY if tion is present.							
t Min	struction, skip.	lf no ob						
t Min	describe in NOTE	If MEF, section						
f Min								

g) **Sidewalk Width** – Record the sidewalk width at that location.**Cross Slope** – Record the cross slope of the sidewalk at that location.

D. Independent Shared Use Paths (ISUP)

- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- ISUP

Phase										<u>.</u>							I	Databas	se Schema:		ISUP
Contract / Work Order			Da	te Mea	isured			24	علاد	LS		PW		RSW		<u>M</u>		F	orm Status	hcompl	lete for
Measured By												RS		12.5	ىلىد ا			N	MEF Status	Standa	ard ADA
Cross Street Name					SR				عللد	oulde		ⁿ³		Shoulder	:			MEF	Reference		
Plan Sheet Reference								~	14	Left Shot	indeper	- Co	- red Use Pa	j.		4					
Feature Location Code				J	urisdio	ction				174	, mueper	ident She	eu use ra	" · · · ·							
Site History				Con	structe	ed By															
	Instruct	ions		Accu	iracy		Enter numbers only	Left Sho	ulder V SW)	Vidth		Width PW)		houlder (RSW)	Width	Cross S	lope (CS)	Running	Slope	(RS
BSTRUCTIONS	<u>Geopo</u>	<u>rtal</u>					1 = 1.00%, <u>2.25</u> = 2.25 ft, etc.	ADA Complia			ADA Complia		ADA Compl	ia		ADA Complia			ADA Complia		
			Loca	tion		IS	UP	2 ft Min			10 ft Min		2 ft Mi			2.00% Max			4.00% Max		
. < 10ft	L	atitude	ongituc	Statior	MP	Characteristic s	Obstruction Type	easureme	MEF (Criteria	easureme	MEF Crit	ria easure	ne MEF	Criteria	easureme	MEF C	riteria	easureme	MEF C	Criteri
80										ft Min		ft	Nin		ft Min			% Max			% M
ISUP										ft Min		ft	1in		ft Min			% Max			% M
										ît Min		ŧ	1lin		ft Min			% Max			% M
< 10ft										ft Min		ŧ	1in		ft Min			% Max			% M
WALL										ft Min		ft	Nin		ft Min			% Max			% M
ISUP										t Min		t	1in		ft Min			% Max			% M
					<u> </u>											l			J	<u> </u>	-

This form allows multiple measurements to be recorded on the same form along a shared use path.

For ISUP the "Site" location defaults to "Side"

Date M	easured			-
	Site	Si	de	
	Location		0	
				Ĭ

- 2. Data Fields Explanation:
- a) **Latitude** Provide the latitude coordinate for the feature.
- b) **Longitude** Provide the longitude coordinate for the feature.
- c) Provide the **Station** if used
- d) Provide the **MP** for each measurement, if available.

e) **Characteristics** - There are nine choices, select from the drop-down list to identify the reason for the measurement. Enter the measurements made.

Instruc	<u>tions</u>		Accu	racy			numbers only		ulder V SW)	Vidth	
<u>Geop</u>	ortal					2.25)%, <u>2.25</u> = 5 ft, etc.	Complian			C
		Locat	tion		IS	UP		2 ft Min			L
	Latitude	Longitude	Station	MP	Characteristics		ruction Type	Measuremen	MEF (Criteria	M
						-				ft Min	
					1. Start of ISUP 2. Interval Measurer 3. Vertical Surface E 4. Change in Width 5. Change in Cross 6. Change in Runnin 7. End of ISUP 8. Transition Segme	s s	Select fi locatior prompt ls it the regular	naracteristic rom drop-d n characteris s a measure start of the interval, a c	own li stic the ement path, j	at just a e in	
							the path	h, an obstru	ction,	etc.	

(1) *Start of ISUP* – This identifies where the ISUP begins. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(2) *Interval Measurement* – At approx.. 50-ft intervals along the ISUP record the width and cross slope.

(3) *Vertical Surface Discontinuity* - Record any locations where there is a vertical difference in surfaces of more than ¹/₄ inch.

(4) *Change In Width* - Record any locations where there is a change in the ISUP width. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(5) *Change In Cross Slope* - Record any location where the cross slope changes. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(6) *Change in Running Slope* – Record location where the running slope changes.

(7) *End of ISUP* – This identifies where the ISUP section ends, or where a transition segment begins, or where the ISUP adjoins another feature. Record the width and cross slope at that location.

(8) *Transition Segment to Existing ISUP* – If the ISUP transitions back to an existing ISUP, record measurements at the match line with the existing ISUP.

(9) *Obstruction* – An obstruction is any object within the ISUP that reduces the **clear width** to less than 10-ft. Record any location where these are found.



If the reason for the measurement is related to an Obstruction, complete the Obstruction Type.

f) **Obstruction Type** - Select from the drop-down list to identify the obstruction type.

Loca	tion		IS	2 fi	
Longitude	Station	MP	Characteristics	Obstruction Type	Measu
			8. Obstruction		-
	ISUP Ob Only cor obstruct If no obs If MEF, c section.	mplete (ion is pr structior	ONLY if esent.	6. Fence 7. Fire Hydrant 8. Grate Inlet 9. Ground Cover 10. Guardrail 11. Guy Anchor 12. Guy Wire 13. Junction Box	< >

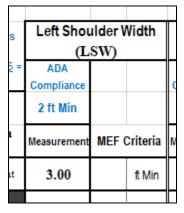
Obstructions might include:

Bench	Branch	Bridge Expansion Joint
Building	Catch Basin	Fence
Fire Hydrant	Grate Inlet	Ground Cover
Guardrail	Guy Anchor	Guy Wire
Junction Box	Large Vault -Electric	Large Vault -Utility
Manhole	Newspaper Stand	Parking Meter
Parked Vehicle	Portable Sign Board	Power Pole
Shrubs	Sign	Signal Pole
Tree	Telephone Booth	Wall
Water Valve	Other	MEF

Special Note:

If an obstruction has been documented as a MEF, select MEF from the drop-down list, record the measurements, and in the NOTES box on the form add any additional pertinent information.

g) Left Shoulder Width (LSW) – Record the measurement.



h) **ISUP Width (PW)** – Record the measurement.

	ISUP	P Widt	h	R					
	I) (I	PW)							
	ADA			Γ					
	Compliance			C					
	10 ft Min								
a	Measurement	MEF (Criteria	Me					
	12.00		ft Min						

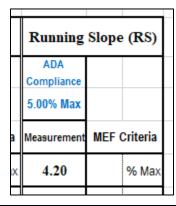
i) **Right Shoulder Width (RSW)** – Record the measurement.

	Right Shoulder Width (RSW)			
	ADA Compliance 2 ft Min			с 2
eria	Measurement	MEF Criteria		M
∕lin	2.00		ft Min	

j) **Cross Slope (CS)** – Record the measurement.

ו	Cross Slope (CS)					
	ADA Compliance 2.00% Max			c 4		
a	Measurement	MEF Criteria		M		
	1.85		% Max			

k) **Running Slope (RS)** – Record the measurement.



(a) Shared-Use Path Widths

The appropriate paved width for a shared-use path is dependent on the context, volume, and mix of users. The desirable paved width of a shared-use path, excluding the shoulders on either side, is 12 feet. The minimum paved width, excluding the shoulders on either side, is 10 feet.

A paved width of more than 12 feet, excluding the shoulders on either side, may be appropriate when substantial use by both pedestrians and bicyclists is expected or maintenance vehicles are anticipated.

Shared-use path shoulders are typically unpaved and 2 feet wide on either side. Exhibits 1515-3 through 1515-5 provide additional information and cross-sectional elements.

On bridges or tunnels, it is common to pave the entire shared-use path, including shoulders. This usable width can be advantageous for emergency, patrol, and maintenance vehicles and allows for maneuvering around pedestrians and bicyclists who may have stopped. It also keeps the structure uncluttered of any loose gravel shoulder material.

1. Exceptions to Minimum Path Widths

A reduced path width of 8 feet may be designed at spot locations that present a physical constraint such as an environmental feature or other obstacle. Refer to the MUTCD for signing and pavement markings for such conditions.

In very rare circumstances, a reduced width of 8 feet may be used where the following conditions prevail:

- Bicycle traffic is expected to be low, even on peak days or during peak hours.
- · Pedestrian use of the facility is not expected to be more than occasional.
- Horizontal and vertical alignments provide frequent, well-designed passing and resting opportunities.
- The shared-use path will not be regularly subjected to maintenance vehicle loading conditions that would cause pavement edge damage.
- The share-use path is for a short distance such as a spur connection to a neighborhood.

(e) Clearances

The minimum horizontal clearance from the edge of pavement to an obstruction (such as bridge piers or guardrail) is 2 feet. Provide a minimum vertical clearance of 10 feet from the pavement surface to overhead obstructions to accommodate maintenance vehicles, bicyclists, and equestrians.

(a) Running Slopes

Design running slopes (grades) on shared-use paths less than or equal to 5% to accommodate all user types, including pedestrians with disabilities.

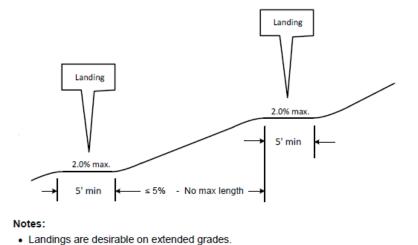
When the path is within the highway right of way, its running slope can match the general grade established for the adjacent roadway.

(b) Landings

Shared-use path landings provide users a level place to rest on extended grades. Exhibits 1515-6 and 1515-7 show these features.

Design landings to:

- · Permit users to stop periodically and rest.
- Not exceed maximum running slopes and cross slopes of 2%.
- Be in line and as wide as the shared-use path. Landings are to be at least 5 feet long.
- Avoid abrupt grade changes or angle points. Design transitions to landings using vertical curves.

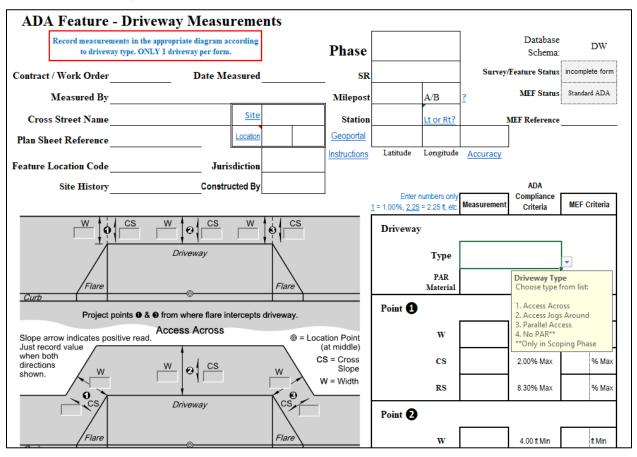


- Design vertical curves to transition from the grade to the landing.
- Exhibit 1515-7 illustrates a landing and a rest area.

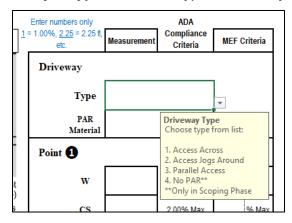
Shared-Use Path Landing Profile Exhibit 1515-6

E. Driveways

- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- Driveway

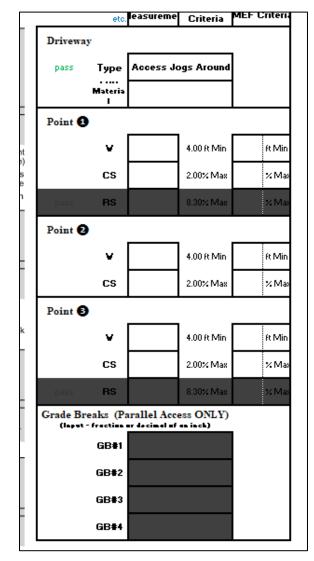


- 2. Data Fields Explanation:
- a) Driveway Type: Select the type of driveway from the drop-down list.



Special Note:

Depending on which type of driveway was selected, some measurements are shaded out and are not measured.



b) **Driveway – PAR Material** – Select the type of material the driveway is constructed of.

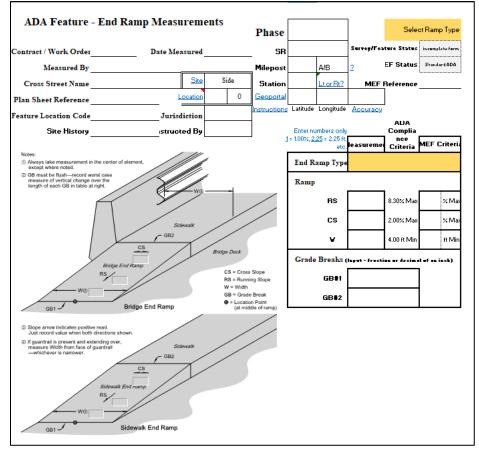
	e	C.		Citteria	
	Driveway pass Type				
			Access J	ogs Around	
	pass	PAR Material	Cement	t Concrete	
	Point	#1		Driveway PAR Material Type: Choose type from list:	
	pass	w	б	1. Asphalt 2. Cement Concrete	
	pass	cs	2.25	3. Dirt 4. Other	
	pass	RS	8.00	If "Other" describe in Notes.	

c) **Points #1, #2, and #3** – Using the pictures on the form, identify where the Point #'s are located, and record the width "W", cross slope "CS", and run slope "RS" measurements on the form.

d) **Grade Breaks** – Provide measurements where shown on the drawings.

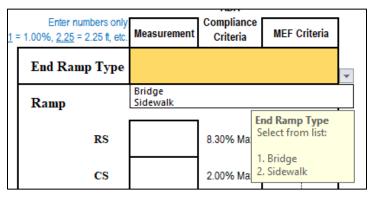
F. Ramp for Sidewalk or Bridge Ends

- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- End Ramp

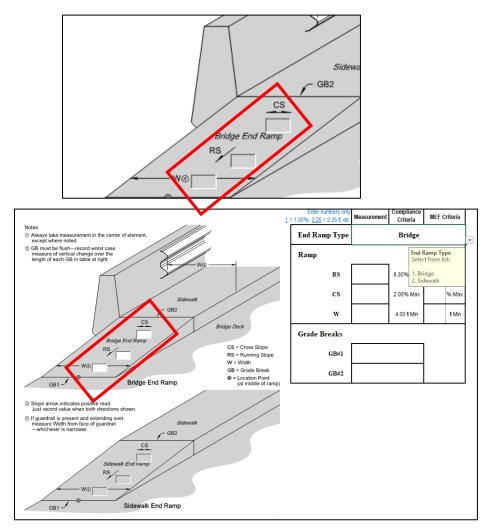


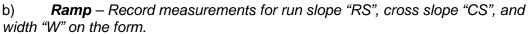
2. Data Fields Explanation:

a) **Location of Ramp** – Select from the drop-down list where the end ramp is located.



Once the type is selected the data box are unshaded to record the measurement on the drawing or in the form.

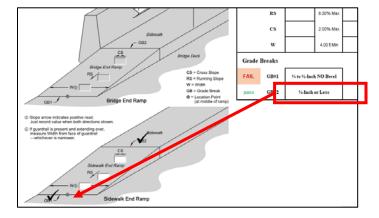




c) **Grade Breaks** – Provide measurements where shown on the drawings.

Special Note:

The diagram does not provide sufficient space for a data box so select the proper Grade Break in the measurement box and a large check will show up on the diagram showing that the measurement was completed.

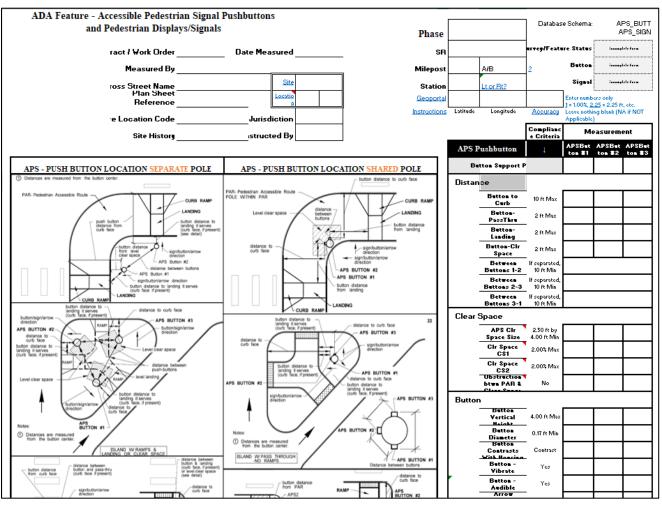


Special Note:

If the form is being filled out in the field by hand first, record the measurement between the two surfaces so that the correct drop-down selection can be completed on the electronic form correctly.

G. APS Button and Signals

- 1. Forms to Record Data:
- APS Button-Signal



- 2. Data Fields Explanation:
- a) APS Pushbutton

Depending on the location, there may be up to three button locations that information is needed. Using the picture on the form, determine the pole number orientation.

(1) Button Support Pole

For each button, identify whether the button is located on a separate pole or co-located (shared) on a single pole.

A. **Pushbutton #1 –** two options

c cintena			ľ	weasuremen	π
APS Pu	ishbutton		APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3
	Button Support Pole			•	
Distance			Choo	on Support Po ose type for Al	
	Button to Curb	10 ft Max	1. Separate 2. Shared		
	Button-PassThru	2 ft Max			

B. Pushbutton #2 & #3 – three options

APS Pushbutton		APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3		
	Button Support Pole				4	
Distance			Button Support Pole Choose type for APS Button #2		n #2:	
	Button to Curb	10 ft Max		1. Separate 2. Shared 3. NA - NOT Applicable if NOT present - Do NOT enter data int		
	Button-PassThru	2 ft Max				
	Button-Landing	2 ft Max		gray shaded o	ells	

• If there is no button, select N/A, and the data cells are shaded and no further information is required.

Special Note:

Error messages will occur when combinations do not match:

A. Only one pushbutton provided:

APS Pu	shbutton		APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3	
	Button Support Pole	INVALID - Check Support Pole	Shared	NA	NA	-
Distance				Button Support Pole Choose type for APS Button #3:		
incomplete	Button to Curb	10 ft Max		1. Separate 2. Shared 3. NA - NOT Applicable if NOT present - Do NOT enter data into		
incomplete	Button-PassThru	2 ft Max				
incomplete	Button-Landing	2 ft Max		gray shaded o	ells	
incomplete	Button-Clr Space	2 ft Max				
	Between Buttons 1-2	lf separated, 10 ft Min				
	Between	If separated,				

- I. In the case where there is only One pushbutton present, select "Separate" and select "N/A" for pushbuttons #2 and #3.
- II. Make a note in the NOTES box that there is only one pushbutton.

APS Pushbutton	APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3
Button Support Pole	Separate	NA	NA
Distance			

B. Cannot have a Shared, with a Separate, and N/A. If the pushbutton is shared then both have to be "shared".

APS Pu	ishbutton		APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3
	Button Support Pole	INVALID - Check Support Pole	Shared	Separate	NA
Distance					

C. Cannot have a Shared, with a Separate, and N/A. If the pushbutton is shared then both have to be "shared".

APS I	ushbutton		APSButton #1	APSButton #2	APSButton #3
	Button Support Pole	INVALID - Check Support Pole	Separate	Shared	NA
Distanc					

(2) Distance

Using the pictures on the form, address the following:

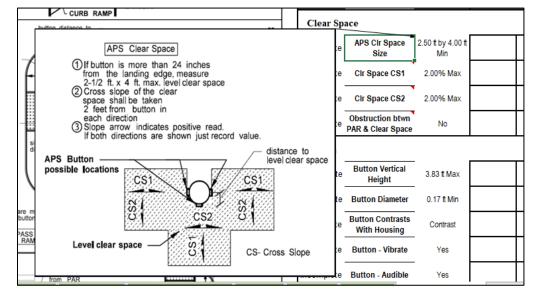
- A. Button to Curb Record the distance from curb to button
- *B. Button-PassThru* If the button is located in a pass thru island, record the distance; otherwise leave blank.
- C. Button-Landing Distance from landing to button
- D. *Button-Clr Space* Distance from the button clear space to the button
- E. *Between Buttons 1-2* If the buttons are separated, record the distance.
- F. *Between Buttons 2-3* If the buttons are separated, record the distance.
- G. *Between Buttons 3-1* If the buttons are separated, record the distance.

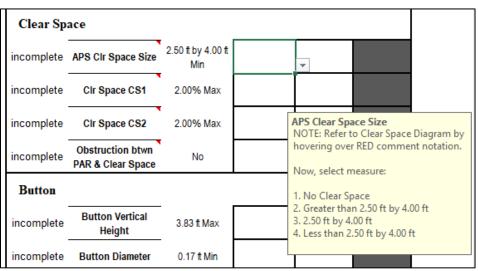
(3) Clear Space

Record the following measurements:



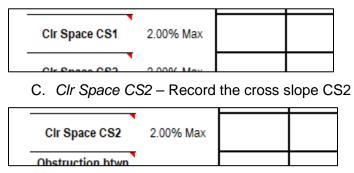
There are additional diagrams for clear space to help with identifying the attribute. A diagram will appear when the mouse pointer is over the cell (or the cell with a red marker in the upper right corner is clicked)



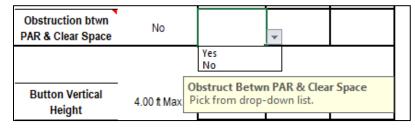


A. APS Clr Space Size - Select from the drop-down list

B. *Clr Space CS1* – Record the cross slope CS1



D. Obstruction btwn PAR & Clear Space – Is there an obstruction between the PAR and the clear space that will hinder access? Select from drop-down.



(4) Button

Using the pictures on the form, address the following:

- A. *Button Vertical Height* Record the measured distance between the surface of the sidewalk to the center of the button.
- B. Button Diameter Record the diameter of the button



C. Button Contrasts With Housing – Select response from the drop-down list.

pass	Button Contrasts With Housing	Contrast	Yes	¥es	
pass	Button - Vibrate	Yes		on Contrasts from drop-do	
nass	Button - Audible	Yes	Voice	Been	

D. Button - Vibrate - Select response from the drop-down list

pass	Button - Vibrate	Yes	Ye	s	▼ Yes	
pass	Button - Audible	Yes		Button Vibrate Pick from drop- down list.		
pass	Arrow Parallel to Crosswalk	Yes				
	Button Arrow		1		I	T

E. Button - Audible - Select response from the drop-down list

pass	Button - Audible	Yes	Voice	Beep	
pass	Arrow Parallel to Crosswalk	Yes	Beep Voice None	udible	
pass	Button Arrow Contrast	Yes		n list.	
	Buttton Arrow				

F. Arrow Parallel to Crosswalk – Select response from the drop-down list.

pass	Arrow Parallel to Crosswalk	Yes	Yes Yes
pass	Button Arrow Contrast	Yes	Y Arrow Parallel to Crosswalk Pick from drop-down list.
pass	Buttton Arrow	Yes	Ves Ves

G. Button Arrow Contrast – Select response from the dropdown list.

pass	Button Arrow Contrast	Yes	Yes 🚽 Yes	
pass	Buttton Arrow Tactile	Yes	Y Button Arrow Pick from drop	
Sim				downing

H. Button Arrow Tactile – Select response from the dropdown list.

pass	Buttton Arrow Tactile	Yes	Yes	▼ Yes	
Sign			Yes No Pick f	rrow Tactile	st.
		Vee		.	

(5) **Sign**

The information in this section is **INFORMATIONAL ONLY**.

A. Sign on Housing – Select response from the drop-down list.

pass	Sign on Housing	Yes	Yes	¥ Yes	
pass	Sign - Street Name	Yes	No-Separate Yes	Sign lousing from drop-do	wn
pass	Sign - St Name Braille	Yes	Y list.	nom arop ao	
	Braille			_	_

B. *Sign - Street Name* - Select response from the drop-down list.

pass	Sign - Street Name	Yes	Yes	yes	
pass	Sign - St Name Braille	Yes	Yes No	reet Name	
pass	Sign - St Name Parallel to Crw	Yes	Y list.	noni alop aoni	
	Sign St Name			I I	

C. Sign - St Name Braille - Select response from the dropdown list.

pass	Sign - St Name Braille	Yes	Yes	¥ Yes	
	Sign - St Name	Vee	Yes	reet Nam	o Proillo
pass	Parallel to Crw	Yes	No Pick 1	rom drop-do	
	Sign - St Name				

D. Sign - St Name Parallel to Crw - Select response from the drop-down list.

pass	Sign - St Name Parallel to Crw	Yes	Yes	v Yes	
pass	Sign - St Name Audio	Yes	Yes No Pick f	Name Pa	
	1				

E. Sign - St Name Audio - Select response from the dropdown list.

pass	Sign - St Name Audio	Yes	Yes Yes
	Arrow on Sign		Y Sign - Street Name Audio Pick from drop-down list.
	Sign - St Name	-	

F. Arrow on Sign - Select response from the drop-down list.

	Arrow on Sign		Yes	¥ Yes	
	Sign - St Name Vibro	-		• Arrow on Si from drop-do	
ADS	Signal		APSSignar	ni ooigiiai	m cong

G. Sign - St Name Vibro – Is the street name vibrotactile? Select response from the drop-down list.

Sign - St Name Vibro		Ye	s	-	Yes	
APS Signal	APS Signal		Pickf		reet Nam	
Signal Support			TICKT		ratop ao	

b) APS Display/Signal

Depending on the location, there may be three signals that information is needed. Using the picture on the form, determine the pole number orientation.

(1) Signal Support Pole

For each signal, identify whether the signal is located on a separate pole or shared (co-located) on a single pole.

APS Di	splay/Signal		APSSignal #1	APSSignal #2	APSSignal #3	
	Signal Support Pole		Shared	Shared	Shared	-
Distance						
	Between Signals 1-2	lf separated, 10 ft Min		Signal Suppo Choose type		1 #3:
	Between Signals 2-3	lf separated, 10 ft Min		1. Separate 2. Shared		
	Between Signals 3-1	lf separated, 10 ft Min		3. NA - NOT Applicable if NOT present - Do NOT enter data		
Display/S	Signal			into gray sha	ded cells	

(a) In the case where there is only One display/signal present select "Separate" and select "N/A" for display/signals #2 and #3.

(b) Make a note in the NOTES box that there is only one display/signal.

APS Di	splay/Signal		APSSignal #1	APSSignal #2	APSSignal #3
	Signal Support Pole		Separate	▼ NA	NA
Distance	Distance			- Signal Suppor Choose type f	
	Between Signals 1-2	lf separated, 10 ft Min		Signal #1:	
	Between Signals 2-3	lf separated, 10 ft Min		2. Shared	
	Between Signals 3-1	lf separated, 10 ft Min			

(2) Distance

Using the pictures on the form, record the following measurements:

Special Note:

(a) If the signal is on the same pole "Shared", then no measurement is needed. The measurement boxes are shaded.

APS Di	splay/Signal		APSSignal #1	APSSignal #2	APSSignal #3
	Signal Support Pole		Shared	Shared	NA
Distance		•			
	Between Signals 1-2	lf separated, 10 ft Min			
	Between Signals 2-3	lf separated, 10 ft Min			
	Between Signals 3-1	lf separated, 10 ft Min			

(b) If the signal are on "Separate" poles, then measurements are required. Record the measurements.

APS Di	splay/Signal		APSSignal #1	APSSignal #2	APSSigna #3
	Signal Support Pole		Separate	Separate	Separate
Distance		-			
	Between Signals 1-2	If separated, 10 ft Min			
	Between Signals 2-3	If separated, 10 ft Min			
	Between Signals 3-1	If separated, 10 ft Min			

(3) **Display/Signal**

(a) Signal Type - Select from the drop-down list

Display/S	Signal						
	Signal Type			¥			
incomplete	Signal Height	7 ft Min	Signal Type NOTE: Refer to Signal Type Diagram I				
incomplete	Signal Audible Walk	Yes	hovering over RED comment notati				
	Signal Audible Type			1. Countdown 2. Signal-Other			
				3. Symbol 4. Symbol AND Co 5. Symbol AND Wo 6. Word			

(b) Signal Height – Record the measurement from the sidewalk surface to the bottom of the display/signal box.

incomplete	Signal Height	7 ft Min	7.2	
	o'			

(c) Signal Audible Walk – Identify if the signal has an audible walk message. Select from the drop-down list

Display/Signal				
	Signal Type		Countdown	Cot
incomplete	Signal Height	7 ft Min	7	
pass	Signal Audible Walk	Yes	Yes	•
	Signal Audible Type		Yes No	

A. Signal Audible Type – Identify if the type of audible walk message. Select from the drop-down list

pass	Signal Audible Walk Yes		Yes	Y
	Signal Audible Type		Tone	•
			Speech	
			Tone Other	

1510.12(1) ° Accessibility Criteria for All Pedestrian Pushbuttons (including APS)

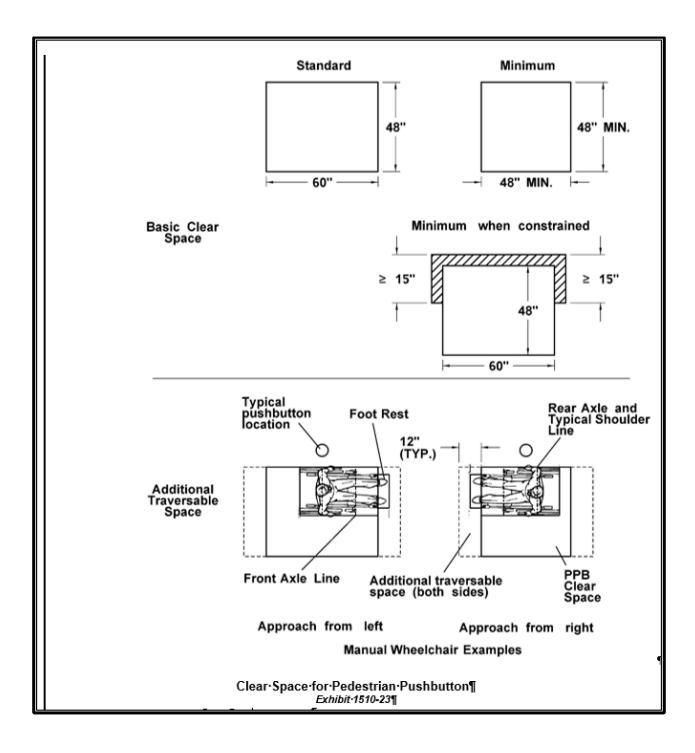
1510.12(1)(a) ° Location Requirements

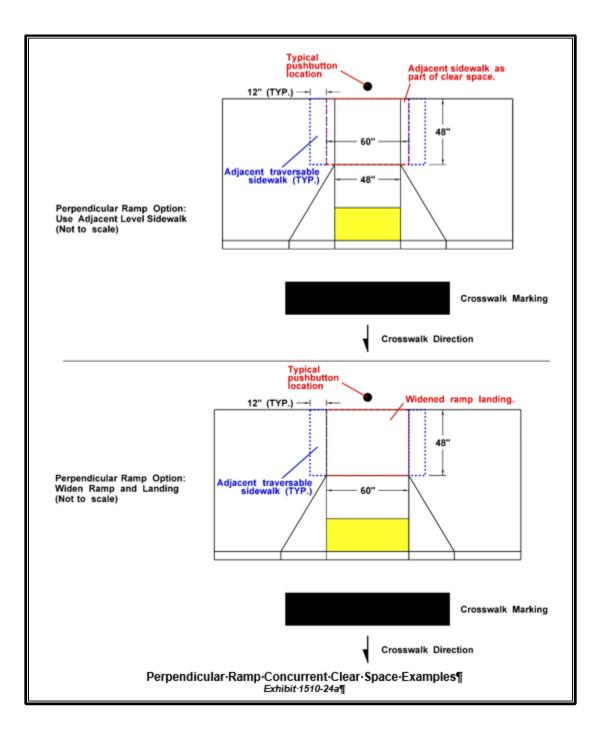
•+See 1330.04(4) for pushbutton location requirements. These location requirements limit the potential locations for the pedestrian pushbutton clear space.

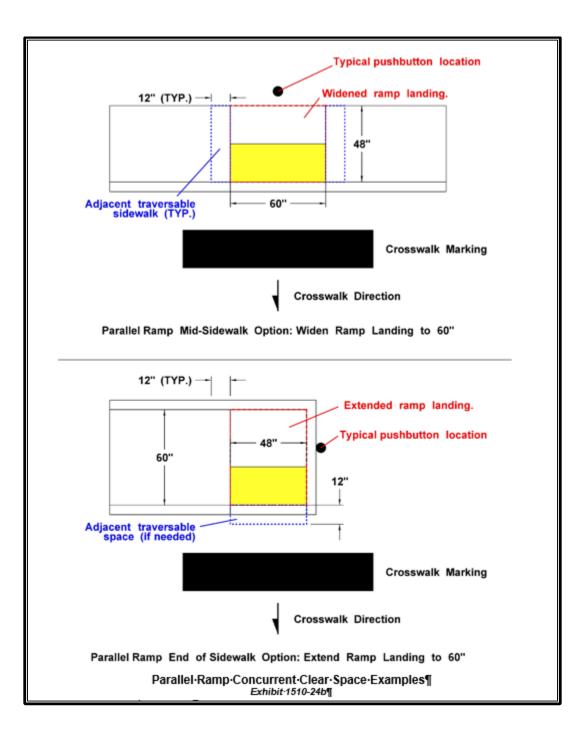
1510.12(1)(b) ° Clear Space Requirements

•+Grade: 2% maximum running and cross slopes.¶

- •+Clear space dimensions:¶
 - a.→ Standard: 48 inches in width by 60 inches in length, with the pushbutton located along one of the long sides of the clear space.¶
 - b.→ Minimum: 48 inches minimum width by 48 inches minimum length. Although the ADAminimum required clear space for an operational control is 30 inches by 48 inches, the narrow dimension is increased to 48 inches to allow for maneuvering, similar to a curb ramp landing (see Exhibit 1510-23). If the clear space is constrained on three sides, such that the clear space is set back 15 inches or more from the PAR, then the clear space shall be 48 inches minimum width by 60 inches minimum length, to allow for maneuvering within the constrained space. (see Exhibit 1510-23).¶
- •+Additional unobstructed or traversable space of 12 inches on either end of the clear space should be provided if possible, to allow for protruding equipment such as foot rests to extendbeyond the clear space. This helps mobility assistance device users get their shoulder line closer to the pushbutton (see Exhibit 1510-23).¶
- ••Clear space is allowed to overlap other PAR elements (i.e., sidewalk/curb ramp landing) (see Exhibits 1510-24a and 1510-24b).¶
- •+Clear space must be connected to the crosswalk served by the pedestrian pushbutton with a PAR.¶



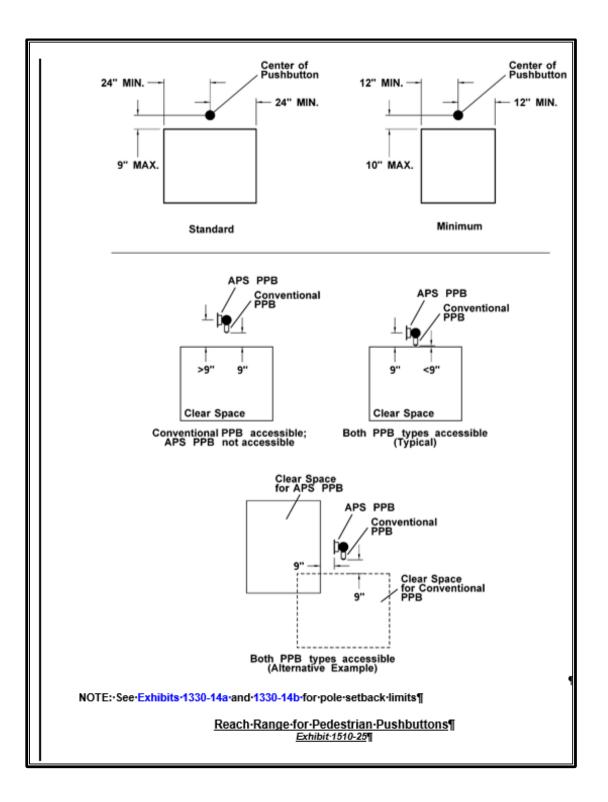




1510.12(1)(c) ° Reach Range Requirements ¶

Pushbuttons are in locations considered unobstructed, and follow the allowable unobstructed reach distance requirements of the ADA accessibility requirements. This manual designs clear space for pushbuttons based on a parallel approach, due to difficulties in both accessibility and design when attempting to accommodate a forward reach.

- •+The provided clear space must be within reach range of the pedestrian pushbutton.¶
- •+The reach range is 10 inches maximum, as measured from the edge of the clear space to the center of the physical pushbutton (not just the housing).¶
- •+For new construction, the center of the physical pushbutton shall be no more than 9 inches from the edge of the clear space. It is preferable to locate the pushbutton as close to the edge of the clear space as possible.¶
- •+Different types of pushbuttons (front mount H-frame type versus side mount Accessible Pedestrian Signal type) will have different reach ranges on the same pole. Generally, designing for a side mount pushbutton will result in a front mount pushbutton also being within the required reach range. This is generally not true the other way around. (see Exhibit 1510-25)¶
- •+The center of the physical pushbutton shall be 42 inches above the surface of the clear space... Existing installations may remain if they are within a range of 36 inches minimum to 48 inches maximum above the surface of the clear space.¶
- •+ The pushbutton shall be a minimum of 12 inches in from both ends of the clear space, and should be at least 24 inches in from both ends of the clear space. Ideally, the pushbutton should be centered along one side of the clear space. If the clear space is rectangular, the pushbutton shall be located along one of the long sides of the clear space.¶



V. Transmitting Collected Data to the Region ADA Liaison

After completing the feature measurements, submit the completed electronic Excel forms to the Regional ADA Liaison. The Region Liaison will review and then transmit the completed forms to the WSDOT ADA Data Steward for processing.

Include the following information in the transmittal:

- 1. Work Order number
- 2. PIN or WIN number
- 3. Date Measurements Completed
- 4. Name of Individual who completed the Measurement forms